

## TRUANT WIFE REFUSES TO RETURN

**Texas Man Spends \$20,000  
Searching For His Wife,  
Who Left Him.**

### DIFFICULTIES ARE FINALLY OVERCOME

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 2.—J. B. Sneed, said to be a wealthy contractor at Fort Worth, Texas, and Mrs. Sneed, who, it is alleged, eloped with Albert G. Boyce from Texas to Canada, left here today for Minneapolis. Boyce and Mrs. Sneed were being held here as undesirable citizens in Canada.

Boyce, the authorities here say, will be deported later.

The story of how J. B. Sneed, millionaire Texas, after trading his wife 1000 miles and spending \$25,000 in the search, overcame all difficulties in international diplomacy, was revealed today when it was announced that his wife and her admirer, Albert G. Boyce, of Seattle, son of the cattle king of the southwest, would be deported from Canada as undesirable persons.

According to Boyce, the charge of grand larceny is one trumped up to extradite him, and he claims that it could never be proved.

**Jewelry Is Missing.**

The Texas authorities, it is said, contend that Boyce persuaded the woman to give him her jewelry, valued at \$25,000, but no trace of the jewelry could be found here and both persons, who were guests at a fashionable hotel, refuse to state what became of them.

Boyce says after he had been indicted by a grand jury in Texas on the charge of abduction and grand larceny, political pressure was brought to bear on the Texas authorities to procure his return to that state.

That action in the case will be opened in Minneapolis Wednesday, when the wife will be confronted by her two children, her mother and her sister. Would Not Return at First.

Yesterday the husband held an interview with Mrs. Sneed, but it was said she declared she would not return with him.

Sneed said he wanted to take his wife back with him, regardless of the past. The woman claims that she was incarcerated in an asylum and that Sneed did not give her the money to pay for her release.

She says that she wants her children, but that her love for Boyce was so great that she was willing to give them up for him. It was believed among the authorities that the two had engaged counsel in Minneapolis to fight extradition from Minnesota. In their cell, however, they refused to converse about their affairs and appeared to be greatly depressed over their failure to stay in Canada.

## VEEDER TELLS OF PACKERS' PENALTY

**Overshipping of Almont  
Cost Them 40 Cents  
a Hundred.**

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 2.—Forty cents per 100 pounds was the penalty assessed against the members of the old packers' pool who overshipped their allotment of any particular territory and the amount was distributed among the packers who were discriminated against. The amounts were paid by check every week after the meetings at which the packers reviewed the shipments of the preceding week.

This information regarding the inside workings of the old packers' pool between 1895 and 1896 was given by Henry Veeder, when he resumed his testimony in the trial of the 10 Chicago packers before United States district judge, yesterday.

"Who represented the packers at those weekly meetings?"

"For Armour and company, E. J. Martin and Arthur Meeker. W. D. Miller appeared most of the time for the Armour Packing company. For Cudahy and company there was Michael Cudohy and Robert Byrne. The G. H. Hammond company was represented by Jesse P. Lyons and E. A. Allen. Edward Morris and H. E. Hyman appeared for Morris and company and Swift and company was represented by Gustavus F. Swift and F. A. Fowler."

The witness gave a detailed description of the method used in figuring the percentages to be shipped by each member into the different territory.

## AFTER THE DANCE ARMJO MET DEATH

**Albuquerque Man Is Found  
by Woodhaulers Freezing  
on Mesa**

Albuquerque, N. M., Jan. 2.—Gaspar Armijo, 25 years old and well known in this city where he has lived since a boy, died this morning as he was being brought into this city by woodhaulers who said they found him wandering about the mesa east of the city, almost dead from cold.

Armijo attended a dance last night and appeared in good health when he started home. He was found at daylight talking incoherently and saying he was freezing. The coroner has ordered an inquest, but it is believed his death was due to exposure in the severe weather.

## EARTHQUAKES FELT IN ILLINOIS TOWNS.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 2.—Reports of earth tremors were received here today from Aurora, Mendota and Dixon, Ill. None reported severe.

At Elgin dishes and other objects were thrown from shelves in stores and homes.

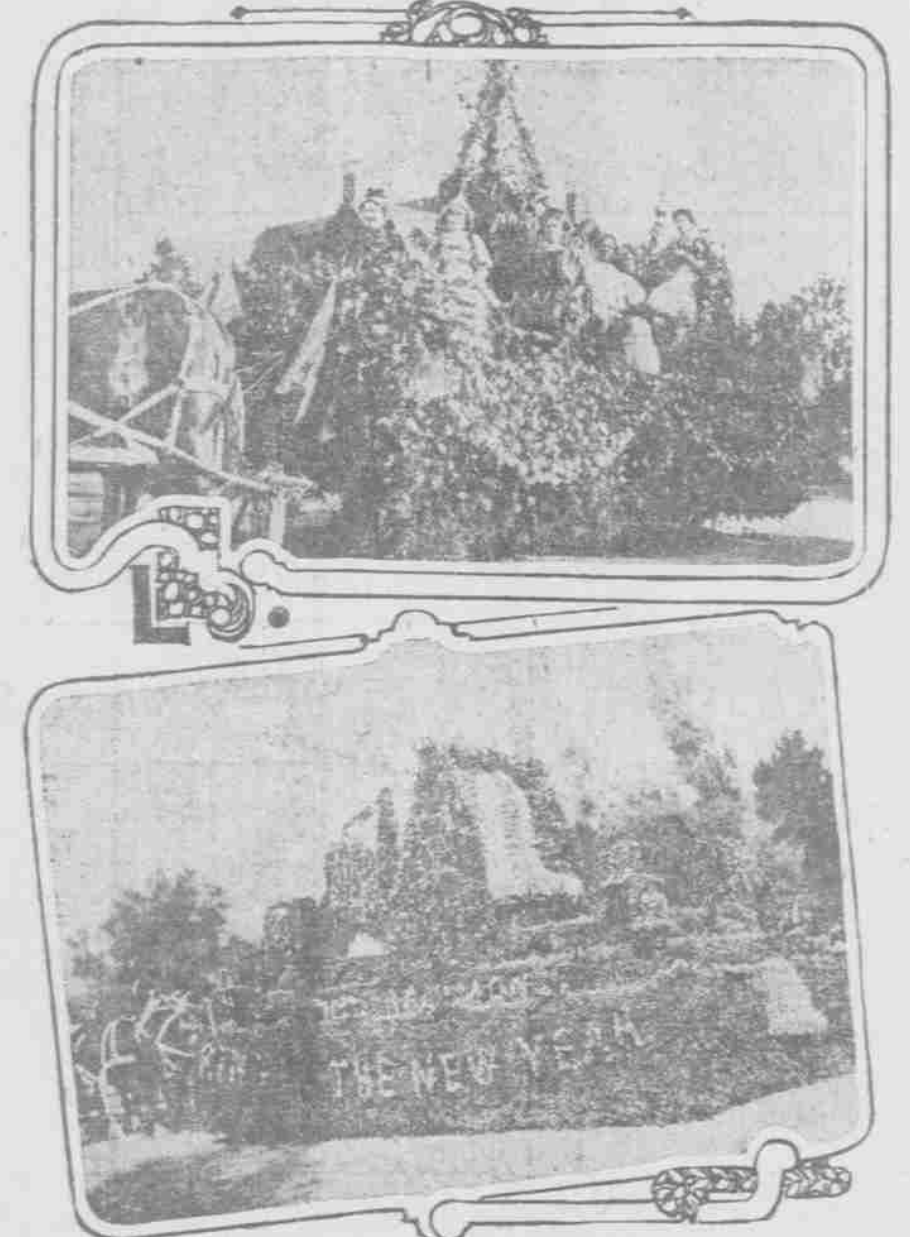
## ARRESTED ON INDICTMENT.

Muscatine, Iowa, Jan. 2.—O. C. Wilson, business agent for the Butten Workers' union, was arrested here today on indictments returned by the grand jury Saturday.

## SIXTEEN PERSIANS HANGED BY RUSSIANS

Tahris, Persia, Jan. 2.—Eight Persians were hanged yesterday by order of the Russian court martial and another eight were executed this afternoon in connection with the recent attack on the Russian troops.

## Beautiful Floats In Pasadena Rose Tournament



Two of the floats decorated with thousands of roses in the Tournament of Roses. The lower float depicts a huge floral belt to typify the ringing in of the New Year.

Pasadena, Calif., Jan. 2.—The beautiful Tournament of Roses, held on New Year's day, eclipsed any previous event of this beautiful celebration. Billions of flowers tossed from the clouds by aeroplanes was one of the attractions. In the street parade there were magnificent floats with thousands of flowers.

## THOUSANDS OF JUDGE BELT IS SAYING ARE DEAD, AGED FREEZING 87 YEARS

**Coldest Weather in Years  
in Colorado Does Great  
Damage.**

**MORE THAN THIRTY  
DEGREES BELOW ZERO**

Sugar City, Colo., Jan. 2.—With the mercury ranging from 15 to 32 degrees below zero for more than two weeks, and with from 12 to 16 inches of snow covering the ground, southern and eastern Colorado are experiencing the most protracted cold wave that has been recorded in this section for many years.

Cattle are dying from hunger by the hundreds, due to the deep snow covering the range grass.

**Very Cold in Middle West.**—Cold weather records for the winter were broken in many places in Iowa and Nebraska today, but in Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma and other points in the southwest, moderate weather with rising temperatures was reported. At Norfolk, Neb., 16 degrees below zero was registered. Other temperatures reported follow:

Des Moines, 15 below; Sioux City, 11 below; North Platte, 4 below; Omaha, 2 below.

A light snow is falling today in western Missouri and southeastern Kansas, where the temperatures ranged from 15 to 20 above zero.

**Blizzard in Montana.**—A blizzard is sweeping over western Montana from the northwest. Snow is falling rapidly and is drifting before a strong wind. The mercury fell 30 degrees in five hours today at Blossburg, on the continental divide, and extreme cold is reported at Garrison. The storm is moving rapidly westward. Three feet of snow has fallen at Lookout, the summit of the Northern Pacific line in the Bitter Root range.

**Twenty-four Below.**—The thermometer registered 24 below zero at 7 o'clock this morning.

## TO REBUILD MESS HALL ON DEFICIENCY

Austin, Texas, Jan. 2.—Attorney General Lightfoot today advised the controller that he had authority to issue the deficiency warrant for \$100,000 for the rebuilding of the mess hall at the A. & M. college. The mess hall will therefore be rebuilt on a deficiency. The attorney general holds that the act of the legislature of 1909, which provided for the rebuilding of the mess hall, was an emergency measure, and that it could have been provided for by the legislature. The attorney general finds authority for such a deficiency warrant in chapter 43, acts of the 25th legislature, and chapter 17, acts of the third called session of the 21st legislature.

Besides, he leaves in El Paso four grandchildren, Dr. J. E. Brady, George R. Brady, Harry and Eugene Donaldson, and one great grandchild, Miss Florence Brady, daughter of Geo. R. Brady.

## BULLET ENTERS HOUSE.

While the reckless were shooting the New Year in Sunday night, the residence of S. Huttanau was struck by a bullet, which passed through the roof and ceiling of the dining room yesterday morning. The bullet came from the floor by Fred Huttanau.

**Indianapolis Grand Jury Is  
Looking Into the McNa-  
mara Dynamiting Cases.**

### RESUMES AFTER HOLIDAY PERIOD

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 2.—Greater sensations than those that have already come are expected to be developed by the federal grand jury when it convenes tomorrow for further investigation into the dynamite outrages perpetrated by the McNamara and others. Speculation is rife as to whether the alleged "men higher up" will be revealed.

Tomorrow was set as the day for re-convening of the grand jury when it adjourned on Dec. 22. In the interim all parties to the investigation have busied themselves. It is said, collecting further evidence for presentation.

The jury is believed to have gone over the ground of the finding of explosives in Indianapolis and Tiffin, O., immediately after the arrest of John J. McNamara in the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers in this city. This appears to have been a major feature of the hearing thus far, judging from the official positions of witnesses who have been before the jury.

Claude E. Meyer, chief of police at Tiffin; detectives Gerber and Larch of the Indianapolis police department; Jacob Woolmer, sheriff of Marion county; patrolman P. Tract, who guarded the dynamite in the basement of the American Central Life building until it was removed by the authorities; Frank P. Baker, prosecutor of Marion county; and Robert J. Foster, detective for the National Erectors' association, were among the witnesses.

**Foster's Story.**

It is believed that Foster had a rather long story to tell the grand jury. Considerable importance is attached to his evidence by the government authorities. It is believed, as he has been in touch with the Erectors' association and the work of ascertaining the names of all persons other than the McNamara and McNamara, who were in the dynamite plots.

McNara Foster, it is understood, who carried on the negotiations for obtaining books, papers, letters and other documents from the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers for use by the government as evidence in the dynamite cases. It is said that the negotiations were conducted by Foster with H. S. Hoch, acting secretary-treasurer of the organization, although Hoch never has admitted that such was the case.

Foster's testimony, it is understood, dealt with his work for the Erectors' association, the confidential and secret work he performed in ascertaining the names of persons who were connected with the dynamite plots.

### HELD OFFICE IN MISSOURI OFTEN

George W. Belt, who for the past 13 years has made El Paso his home, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. W. Brady, 1425 Wyoming street, at 5 o'clock Tuesday morning, at the age of 87 years.

The funeral will be held from the house Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the confidential and secret work he performed in ascertaining the names of persons who were connected with the dynamite plots.

**Dynamite Hiding Place.**

It afterward was found that the dynamite stored at Tiffin was stolen from a stone quarry at a distance of 12 miles from Tiffin. McNamara formerly was employed at the quarry, and the owner of the quarry, told detective Burns that McNamara had a familiar knowledge of the place and that he knew where the explosives were kept.

The appearance of the Indianapolis officers before the federal grand jury and the fact that Henry and Frank Jones, sons of Daniel Jones, owner of the barn west of Indianapolis, had been indicted, was stored, also were witnesses, indicated that the investigation had much to do with the local end of the conspiracy.

Edward H. Davis, foreman of the Marion county grand jury at the time prosecutor Baker took up the case, was called before the federal grand jury. The revelation made by prosecutor Baker concerning the juryman driven insane by McNamara's investigation, who imagined that he himself was John J. McNamara, is believed to have been inquired into among other things.

**Detective Burns Arrives.**

William J. Burns arrived today to testify before the federal grand jury in the dynamiting conspiracy.

Tonight Mr. Burns expects to confer with J. J. Miller, United States district attorney and with district attorney John H. Fredericks of Los Angeles, who is believed to have been in the many explosions throughout the country.

**Four Counts in Indictment.**

The indictment against the labor leaders was made public immediately after their arraignment. It contained four counts, all relating to a general alleged conspiracy, charging that they had conspired to ship explosives from Indianapolis and also from other points unknown to the jurors, in violation of federal statutes.

**Letters to J. J. McNamara.**

Attached to the indictment was a letter alleged to have been written by E. J. Burns, one of the jurors indicted.

It was said to have been addressed to J. J. McNamara at Indianapolis, and read as follows:

"Dear Sir and Brother:  
"I have been here five days now and they have started here the greatest strike any part of the country had in a long time. All the signers of the Union iron works and Baker iron works, Lively's iron works are out and they are about to start a new lock here. The structural men on the outside are coming in great numbers. 14 of them from one job is coming up tonight. All the machine molders, pattern makers are out and they are helping each other fine. The state building trades council have a man here. A Johnnies. He used to be with the wood workers in Chicago, also Stewart Reid of Chicago."

"Now, Joe, what we want here is Hockin. The greatest opportunity is here now. I cannot stay here; it is impossible, but I have things going fine. Prices are behind this more heart and soul and we are going to put some money in here. The state council is going to put an assessment on, so you see that means work; so now is the time. The painters, teamsters and the carpenters have a man here already. I mean the carpenters have a man here. The painters and teamsters and the"

## Leaders in the Chinese Revolution



From top to bottom, are Wu Tingfang, minister of foreign affairs for the new government; Yuan Shikai, premier of China under the dynasty; Sun Yat Sen, who on Tuesday was elected the first president of the Chinese republic; and Tang Shao Ki, who represented the Manchou government at the revolutionists' conference held at Shanghai.

Investigation of the alleged dynamite conspiracy. The men announced they had retained attorneys John Harriman and Le Compté Davis.

**Will Go to San Francisco.**

Harriman said he had clients who wished to go to San Francisco to confer with fellow officials of organized labor before leaving their posts and asked for a ten days delay.

District attorney A. F. McCormick, representing the government, offered no objection and Judge Weigman set Friday, January 12, as the day the three labor leaders must again appear in court.

Both Harriman and Davis said it had not been decided whether the defense would interpose a demurrer. When asked whether Clarence S. Harrow would be associated with the defense, Davis declined to answer.

Several witnesses were waiting to appear before the grand jury today. What effect the sudden departure for Indianapolis last night of Arthur C. McNamara, confessed accomplice of the McNamara, would have upon the government's investigation here was problematical.

**McNamara Leaves Los Angeles.**

McNamara left Los Angeles last night in company with detective Malcolm McLarin, of the Burns agency. His destination is thought to be Indianapolis.

It is believed that McNamara will appear before the grand jury now in session at Indianapolis, and repeat the confession he made to district attorney John H. Fredericks, which it is alleged named many labor leaders of the "higher up" variety as having knowledge of the plans of the McNamara in the many explosions throughout the country.

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**Takes Oath As Head of Pro-  
visional Government of  
China.**

### MARCH TO PEKIN TO START WEDNESDAY

Nanking, China, Jan. 2.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen today took the oath of office as provisional president of the republic and was formally invested with the powers of chief executive.

The ceremony was simple but dignified. It was attended by all the prominent men of the revolutionary party.

**Well Known in America.**

Dr. Sun, who is well known in America and Europe, after his arrival in Shanghai some ten days ago, was elected president by the national assembly of reformers representing the provinces of China proper, then in session here by an almost unanimous vote.

His proposed cabinet comprises: Li Hsun Yang, Huang Shue and Dr. Wang, who began his term in the front rank of the reform movement.

**Changes Chinese Calendar.**

His first official act was to change the Chinese calendar. He made New Year's day the first day of his presidency, thus marking the commencement of a new era and making the Chinese year begin henceforth on the same day as the year begins in most other countries of the world.

Dr. Sun left Nanking in a special train for Shanghai. The trip was made without incident except for the enthusiasm at all the principal stations.

Dr. Sun reached the new Chinese capital at 11 o'clock. He was met by a large crowd and was greeted with loud cheering.

**Is Given Ovation.**

The route to the government house was lined by 10,000 soldiers. The whole town was beflagged, the warships and merchant vessels along the river, dressed ship and a presidential salute was fired.

After taking the oath Dr. Sun delivered an address in which he promised to disenthral the Manchus to re-establish peace, to promote trade, and to defend the entire energy to the Chinese nation and aid the Chinese people to realize their aspirations.

When the Manchus had finally abdicated, he said, a demerit of the nation he would, he said, resign his provisional office.

**Has Anti-Foreign Feeling.**

President Sun referred to the relations of China with foreign countries. He expressed on behalf of the new republic the feeling which had prevailed at the consistent neutrality of foreign nations. He said that the feeling which had prevailed previously existed would not appear in the new China.

The constitution of the republic cabinet will be announced tomorrow. There is every probability that Li Hsun Yang, the republican commander-in-chief, will become vice president.

**The Cabinet.**

President Sun Yat Sen's cabinet is subject to change. Captain Wang, finance minister—Chin Chin Tao, premier and war minister—Huang Sing.

**Attorney General.**—Dr. Wu Tingfang. Foreign minister—Wang Chung Wei. Minister—Captain Wang. Chief of staff—General Hu.

**Contributors to War Fund.**

Peking, China, Jan. 2.—The emperor's dowager who is desirous of carrying out a campaign against the revolutionaries, today advanced about \$2,000,000 to premier Yuan Shi Kai for that purpose. There are many indications that the northern troops are anxious to resume hostilities.

**Royal Family in Flight.**

London, England, Jan. 2.—The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent today reported the secret flight of the emperor and the dowager empress of China through Mukden on the way to the imperial residence at Schkhis, near the Mongolian frontier.

The correspondent adds that it is rumored that the government intends to refrain from any interference in China, but is ready to recognize a republic when it is established firmly.

The Peking correspondent of the Daily Telegraph describes Yuan Shi Kai as being confronted with difficulties. He says Yuan is suspected by the Manchus of playing double. He is being attacked and betrayed in every quarter, according to the correspondent, and still is a lion at bay. He has not been shaved for days and does not sleep.

**To March on Peking.**

A new army of 10,000 men from Tien Tsin says that Wang Wei Tze, who was sent to Lanchow as the delegate of the revolutionaries, has joined the republicans and been elected leader of the troops there.

He declared his intention to begin a march with the army on Peking tomorrow.

**Will Refer Wood Pulp Controversy to Courts.**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 2.—President Taft will refer to the courts the wood pulp and paper controversy involving the question of the free entry of these articles into this country from nations having most favored nation treaties, it is announced. Protests by importers will be presented to the board of general appraisers in New York and sent to the United States court of customs appeals.

**Comments Herald's Work**

Lubbock, Tex., Dec. 30, 1911.

Editor El Paso Herald:

It is a pleasure to me to commend your great efforts in behalf of the Great Southwest. The El Paso Herald is a wonderful medium in helping every industry of that vast region and the people are showing their appreciation of same by a very liberal patronage.

Wishing you continued prosperity, I am

Very truly yours,

JNO. F. TURNER,

Advertising Manager Lubbock Avalanche.

**Issues a Statement Propos-  
ing That LaFollette and  
Taft Withdraw.**

### WANTS ROOSEVELT OR BEVERIDGE INSTEAD

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 2.—Gov. Chas. S. Osborn, in a statement here today proposes that president Taft and senator La Follette both withdraw as presidential candidates in favor of Theodore Roosevelt or ex-senator Albert J. Beveridge. The governor had prepared a speech to this effect to be delivered in introducing senator La Follette here. In view of the fact that the senator missed his train this morning, Gov. Osborn authorized the use of the speech as a statement of his views. Gov. Osborn added:

"As between Taft and La Follette, I am for Taft."

**Criticizes La Follette.**

Gov. Osborn criticized senator La Follette as having taken up "those things which might be termed popular and which contained the least danger to himself."

"Right here let me say, so that there can be no misunderstanding about it, that if senator La Follette is nominated for president, which at this moment I hope he will not be, I will give him my earnest and active support and will request my friends everywhere to support him with earnestness and devotion."

Gov. Osborn's statement referred to suits brought some years ago in Wisconsin by the Democratic administration against previous Republican treasurers for interest on state deposits which had not been turned over to the state.

**The Sawyer Incident.**

The story is that senator Philinus Sawyer offered to retain senator La Follette as an attorney in the cases. Senator La Follette's story is that senator Sawyer tried to bribe him. But senator Sawyer was never prosecuted for bribery or cited for contempt of court and nothing was done.

**Would Keep Him in Senate.**

In conclusion the statement said: "I hope senator La Follette may be retained in the United States senate during his entire life. His presidential influence would be over in eight years, even if he is elected for a second term. If in eight years he were to be on the fighting line for the republic, a century yet, I do not believe he would be nominated for the presidency and would feel that he can be elected."

"If he is really interested in the cause of Republicanism and in the cause of the Republican party, I propose he withdraw as a candidate, join me in asking president Taft to withdraw, then permit the party to settle upon Albert J. Beveridge or Theodore Roosevelt as a candidate for president."

It was announced this afternoon that senator Robert M. La Follette had decided to go directly from Holly to Grand Rapids and would not speak at Lansing today. Senator La Follette took the wrong train at Seattle and was unable to reach Orono in time for his scheduled speech at 10:30 a. m.

**Has Nothing to Say.**

Holly, Mich.—Senator La Follette will make no comment on Gov. Osborn's statement given out from Lansing, who should be said secretary of the Republican party. He said this afternoon, when asked if the senator would give out a statement.

Although senator La Follette failed to arrive in Lansing today, governor Osborn delivered his speech to the crowd assembled to hear the Wisconsin leader.

## ROOSEVELT IS NOT IN TALKATIVE MOOD

**He Declines to Say What He  
Will or Will Not Do  
Politically**

New York, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt today declined to discuss a report that a movement was afoot in Nebraska to place his name in the presidential primary ballots.

"Have you taken any steps to have your name removed from the primary ballots in Nebraska?" he was asked.

"I have taken no steps one way or the other," was the reply.

"A dispatch from Washington says that you have made known to president Taft, through a friend, your unwillingness to say that you will under no circumstances accept the nomination next June. Is this true?"

"I haven't seen the story," Col. Roosevelt answered.

"I suppose I have been neglecting my education again. But I will say this: A Tunt when I have any announcement to make, I will make it publicly. I will not discuss the rumors. I have nothing to say on anything. The peace banquet with its motion picture presented an opportunity the other day, but I am not discussing reports and rumors."

It is reported that you will have an important announcement at a dinner Friday night—

"To electrify the system?" interrupted the colonel. No, sir, I have no dinner engagement for Friday. I'm still hungry."

"Gifford Pinchot is quoted this morning as saying that he will not accept the nomination next June."

(Continued on Page Eleven.)